Class Notes Preterite Tenses

A. Regular Preterites

-AR Verbs
é amos í imos
aste (asteis) iste (isteis)
ó aron ió ieron

*YO FORM SPELLING CHANGES

-car $c \rightarrow qu\acute{e}$ -gar $g \rightarrow gu\acute{e}$ -zar $z \rightarrow c\acute{e}$

*DAR is treated like an -er/-ir verb.

VER

didimosvivimosdistedisteisvistevisteisdiodieronviovieron

* $i \rightarrow y$ spelling changes "double-vowel verbs" -eer, -uir, -aer and -oir $i \rightarrow y$ in the él and ellos forms

STEM CHANGING VERBS

- -ar and -er verbs: if the verbs stem change in the present tense, they will not change in the preterite.
- -ir verbs: $e \rightarrow i$, $o \rightarrow u$ in the él and ellos forms only.

USES OF THE PRETERITE

Describes events or actions that took place and were completed in the past.

Yo leí el libro. I read the book.

B. Irregular Preterites

1. Completely Irregular

fui	=	I went	I was
fuiste	=	You went	You were
fue	=	He/She/It went	He/She/It was
fuimos	=	We went	We were
fuisteis	=	You (pl.) went	You (pl.) were
fueron	=	They went	They were

2. J stem group

traer	traj	e	imos
decir	dij	iste	isteis
producer	produj	O	eron

3. I stem group and U stem group

querer	quis	e	imos
hacer*	hic	iste	isteis
venir	vin	O	ieron

^{*} the él form is hizo

estar	estuv	poner	pus
andar	anduv	saber	sup
poder	pud	tener	tuv

4. hay \rightarrow hubo = there was, there were

C. Preterite Meaning Changes

• conocer = met

• poder = succeeded

• querer = tried

• no querer = refused

• saber = found out

• tener = got, received